



PATIENT

Walter Swails

SPECIES

Feline

BREED

DSH

SEX

Male

AGE

14 weeks

WEIGHT

8.2lbs

INTERPRETED BY

Maggie Machen Lamy,
DVM, DACVIM
(Cardiology)

IMAGING PERFORMED BY

Sarah Pender, CVT

HOSPITAL NAME

SVS Imaging QC

REFERRING VET

Dr. Wilhem

INVOICE

28197

DATE

1/9/23

PRESENTING CLINICAL SIGNS

History: No clinical signs. Presented for preanesthetic ECG for neuter and it showed ventricular arrhythmia.

ECHOCARDIOGRAM FINDINGS

2D, m-mode, color flow and doppler imaging is available. The left ventricular wall is normal in dimension. There is minimal endocardial remodeling and fibrosis. The papillary muscles are normal in size and hyperechoic. The left atrium is normal in size. The right atrium is normal in size. The right ventricle appears normal. The mitral valve is normal in structure and mobility. No MR. The tricuspid valve appears normal. Normal flow through both the RVOT and LVOT. Trace TR. No AI or PI. No obvious congenital abnormalities. No pleural or pericardial effusion seen. No obvious cardiac tumors.

CARDIAC CHART

FELINE CARDIAC PARAMETERS	BODY WEIGHT (kg)	HR (BPM)	IVSd (cm) (Moise, Pipers)	LVIDd (cm) (Moise, Pipers)	LVWd (cm) (Moise, Pipers)	FS (%)	EF (%)
NORMAL PARAMETER	-----	150-240	0.35-0.55	<2 (mean 1.5)	3.5-0.55	35-67	80-100
PATIENT	3.7	168	0.40	1.4	0.40	50	85
FELINE CARDIAC PARAMETERS	LA/AO (Boon)	LA/AO HEART BASE (Swe) (Abbott)	LA 2D short axis Base view (cm) (Abbott)		LVOT VEL (m/s)	RVOT VEL (m/s)	E max (m/s)
NORMAL	<1.5	<1.3	<1.2		<1.6	<1.3	<0.9
PATIENT	NM				0.7	0.8	NM

**Note: All measurements based upon multi-modal images and methods. An average value is reported.*
Adapted from June Boon, Veterinary Echocardiography, 1998
Abbott J & MacLean H JVIM 2006;20: 111-119, Moise et al. Am J Vet Res 47:1476, 1986. Pipers et al. Am J Vet Res 40:882, 1979.

INTERPRETATION OF THE FINDINGS & FURTHER RECOMMENDATIONS

Overtly normal cardiac structure and function. The LV wall thickness is normal and there is no evidence of elevated left atrial pressure. No obvious congenital issues are documented.

No structural cause for the arrhythmia is seen in the study follow-up and treatment should be dictated by the ECG report.

Given these findings, no medications are indicated. It is important to note that phenotypic HCM can develop at any phase of life in cats (particularly in this predisposed breed), and often does not accompany a heart murmur or PE abnormalities. Periodic screening is ideally recommended in all cats.

From a structural standpoint, no cardiac contraindication for breeding or general anesthesia at this time.

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Recommend recheck echocardiogram in 1 year to assess for development of disease, sooner if a murmur/gallop or clinical signs develop in the interim.

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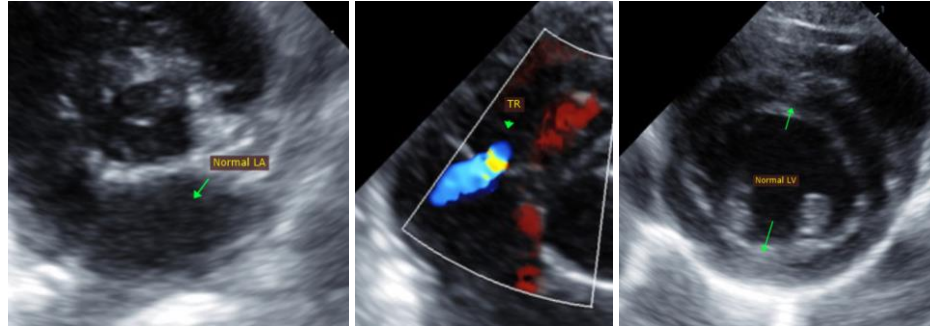
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IMAGES



The information and recommendations provided are based on the images presented by the referring veterinarian. No evaluation can be communicated regarding pathology that was not visible in the image/video clips provided.

Thank you for this referral. If the clinical or image interpretation does not parallel your findings or if I can be of any further assistance, please contact me.

Maggie Machen Lamy, DVM
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info@sonopath.com

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